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WITHERNSEA URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL

HEALTH AND SANITARY ADMINISTRATION

ANNUAL REPORT

1966

Municipal Buildings,
243, Queen Street,
WITHERNSEA,
East Yorkshire.

F. R. CRIPPS, M.D., D.P.H.,
Medical Officer of Health.

FRC/MER.



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Council Offices,
Queen Street,
WITHERNSEA.

June, 1967.

To : The Chairman and Members of the
Urban District Council of Withernsea.

Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen,

I have the honour to submit my Annual Report, in conjunction with the Public Health Inspector, on the state of the public health, and the Sanitary Circumstances of the District during the year 1966.

POPULATION, 1966.

The Registrar General's estimate of the mid-year population is 4,970, an increase of 10 over last year. This figure includes members of the Armed Forces, and is slightly less than the 1961 census figure of 4,981.

VITAL STATISTICS.

The birth rate is considerably higher, and the death rate lower, than in 1965.

The illegitimate birth rate is also lower, by one-third, than last year.

Infectious Diseases :

There was no major outbreak, and there were no deaths from infectious disease, and no case of Tuberculosis or Poliomyelitis was notified.

RAINFALL.

The rainfall was similar to 1965 - about 50% more than usual.

DEATHS FROM CANCER.

Deaths from Cancer were lower than in last year, but 40% were cases of Cancer of the Lungs, and all were males.

I beg to thank the Chairman and Members for their consideration and support during the year, and the Chief Public Health Inspector for his assistance in the preparation of this report.

BIRTH RATE :

64 males and 53 females, a total of 117, were registered during the year, giving a crude Birth Rate of 23.54 per 1,000 population, adjusted by the Area Comparability factor of 1.20, to 28.25. This figure of 23.54 is 5.4 per 1,000 greater than in 1965. Many births in the Maternity Hospital, Withernsea, from the neighbouring parishes, are included in this figure of 23.54 per 1,000 population.

When we use these figures for comparison with other parts of the country, use has to be made of the Area Comparability Factor, a figure which takes into account the average ages and sex constitution of the district, as disclosed by the Census. This year the figure, as stated above, is 1.20, emphasising the number of older age groups present in the community.

The Birth Rates for the last 10 years are -

1957	1958	1959	1960	1961	1962	1963	1964	1965	1966.
14.2	12.2	16.5	16.3	19.6	17.3	20.1	22.9	18.14	23.54

The crude Birth Rate for the County is 15.65, adjusted by the Area Comparability Figure to 16.59, and for England and Wales, 17.7 per 1,000 population.

Illegitimate Births :

There were 6 illegitimate births, 3 male and 3 female. 5.1% of the total live births, and 1.21 per 1,000 population, compared with 9.9% and 1.81 per 1,000 in 1965.

Stillbirths :

There were 3 male stillbirths, all legitimate, giving a rate of 25.0 per 1,000 total (live and still)births. The rate for England and Wales is 15.4.

DEATHS and DEATH RATE.

49 males and 37 females, a total of 86, died during the year, including deaths of residents outside the district, e.g., in hospital etc. The crude death rate is 17.30 per 1,000 population. The Area Comparability Factor is 0.76, reflecting the number of retired residents, and the adjusted Death Rate is reduced to 13.15 per 1,000 population, compared with 19.76 and 14.82 respectively for 1965, a reduction of 2.46 and 1.67 per 1,000.

The death rate for England and Wales is 11.7 per 1,000.

Comparative figures for the past ten years -

1957	1958	1959	1960	1961	1962	1963	1964	1965	1966
15.26	14.86	14.6	15.7	12.8	17.7	17.05	15.95	19.76	17.30

DEATHS in AGE GROUPS in 1966 :

<u>Age Group.</u>	<u>M.</u>	<u>F.</u>	<u>Total.</u>	<u>% of Total (Male)</u>	<u>% of Total (Female)</u>
Under 4 weeks	2	1	3	4.08	2.7
1-12 months	2	-	2	4.08	-
1-4 years	1	1	2	2.04	2.7
5-14 years	-	-	-	-	-
15-24 years	-	-	-	-	-
25-34 years	1	-	1	2.04	-
35-44 years	-	-	-	-	-
45-54 years	4	1	5	8.16	2.7
55-64 years	8	1	9	16.32	2.7
65-74 years	8	6	14	16.32	16.2
75 and over	23	27	50	46.94	73.0
				<u>99.98</u>	<u>100.0</u>

This table shows that 24% of male deaths are between 45 and 64, compared with only 5% of female deaths at that age period. Thus only 47% of males reached 75, compared with 73% of the females.

CAUSES OF DEATH.

The main causes of death were Heart Disease (18), Vascular lesions of the brain (19), Cancer (15), Respiratory Disease, including Pneumonia (9), giving rates of 3.62, 3.8, 3.02 and 1.81 per 1,000 population respectively.

Analysis of Deaths.

Heart Disease - Coronary thrombosis caused 13 of the 18 deaths, 7 male and 6 female. 4 of the males and one woman died between 55 and 70, in the now familiar pattern of the majority of coronary deaths being males in the sixties, while women were in the over 75 age period. Heart disease is still the chief cause of death, and occurs usually after 75, apart from Coronary Thrombosis in males. Deaths from heart disease are increasing.

Vascular Lesions of the Brain.

Cerebral haemorrhage and thrombosis caused 19 deaths. Of the 12 male deaths, 4 were in the 45-65 age period. The female deaths were all 75 and over.

Respiratory Disease.

Deaths were from Bronchitis and Pneumonia in the later years, and in one infant, from Pneumonia.

The numbers of deaths from Bronchitis and Pneumonia are decreasing.

CANCER.

15 people died from Cancer, 7 less than last year, but 7 deaths were due to Cancer of the Lungs - all of them males.

TUBERCULOSIS.

Deaths from Tuberculosis continue to fall.

POLIOMYELITIS.

No deaths occurred in the district, and only 3 in 1965.

WHOOPING COUGH.

No deaths occurred, and only 21 in 1965 - the lowest number recorded.

ACCIDENTS.

3 males and 2 females died, one male under one month, and one under one year.

SITES OF CANCER DEATHS and the rate per 1,000 population.

<u>Year.</u>	<u>Breast.</u>			<u>Uterus.</u>			<u>Stomach.</u>			<u>Lungs.</u>			<u>All other sites.</u>			<u>Total.</u>	<u>Rate.</u>
	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.		
1956							1	2	3	3	-	3	3	6	9	15	3.0
1957							2	2	4	5	1	6	4	4	8	18	3.6
1958							-	-	-	3	-	3	1	4	5	8	1.6
1959							2	-	2	3	2	5	5	9	14	21	4.2
1960							2	-	2	3	-	3	6	5	11	16	3.2
1961							1	1	2	1	-	1	2	5	7	10	2.1
1962							1	1	2	1	-	1	1	9	10	13	2.68
1963							1	1	2	6	-	6	-	3	3	11	2.3
1964							4	-	4	2	1	3	2	7	9	16	3.2
1965	3			1			5	-	5	5	-	5	3	5	8	22	4.43
1966	-			-			-	1	1	6	-	6	4	4	8	15	3.02

The death rate from Lung Cancer has reached a record peak, according to figures for 1965 issued by the Registrar General. 22,231 men and 4,167 women died, the highest number ever recorded in one year, for either sex.

Cancer of all sites killed one-third of all deaths of women aged 15-44, and one-sixth of men in the same age group. The highest proportion of deaths from Cancer in men were due to Cancer of the Lungs and Bronchus, and to Cancer of the Breast in women.

MOTHERS AND INFANTS.

Deaths of infants under one year : Four males, one illegitimate, and one female, died under one year of age. The Infant Mortality rate is 42.74 per 1,000 live births. In 1965 it was 33.3.

Of the five infant deaths, one male (illegitimate) and one female (legitimate) infant died in the first week, due to prematurity. One male died in the first month, aged 10 days, from Gastro-Enteritis, and two males died in the first year, aged 8 months and 6 months, from Gastro-Enteritis and Broncho-Pneumonia respectively.

The Neonatal Mortality (under 1 week) rate is 17.1 per 1,000 live births.

The Perinatal Mortality (Still births plus early neonatal) rate is 41.66 per 1,000 total births.

Cause and Age Distribution of Infant Deaths under 1 year.

<u>Cause.</u>	<u>Under 1 week.</u>	<u>Under 4 weeks.</u>	<u>Months.</u>			<u>Total.</u>
			<u>1-3</u>	<u>4-6</u>	<u>6-12</u>	
Prematurity.	2	-	-	-	-	2
Gastro Enteritis	-	1	-	-	1	2
Broncho Pneumonia	-	-	-	-	1	1
	2	1	-	-	2	5

INFANT MORTALITY.

	No.	Still birth Rate per 1,000 <u>Total</u> births.	No.	Deaths under 1 year, Rate per 1,000 <u>live</u> births.
East Riding	59	15.14	76	19.80
Withernsea	3	25.00	5	42.74
England and Wales. 13,000		15.40	16,147	19.0

Maternal Mortality.

No mother died from Pregnancy, Childbirth or Abortion.

INFECTIOUS DISEASES.

<u>Disease.</u>	<u>Number of cases notified.</u>					<u>Total. 1965.</u>
	<u>Jan-Mar.</u>	<u>Apr.-June.</u>	<u>July-Sept.</u>	<u>Oct.-Dec.</u>		
Measles	-	-	-	36	36	101
Scarlet Fever	-	-	-	-	-	1
Whooping Cough	-	-	-	-	-	-
Diphtheria	-	-	-	-	-	-
Poliomyelitis	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dysentery	-	-	-	-	-	-
Typhoid	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pneumonia	-	-	-	-	-	1
Puerperal Fever	-	-	-	-	-	-
Food Poisoning	-	-	-	-	-	-
Tuberculosis - Lung	-	-	-	1	1	-
- Others.	-	-	-	-	-	-

Tuberculosis Cases admitted to Register, 1966 :

	<u>Pulmonary.</u>		<u>Non-Pulmonary.</u>		<u>Total.</u>
	<u>M.</u>	<u>F.</u>	<u>M.</u>	<u>F.</u>	
Number of cases on the Register, 31.12.65.	8	11	-	-	19
Notified during 1966	1	-	-	-	1
Brought to Notice	-	-	-	-	-
Removed by death	-	-	-	-	-
Removed, cured	-	1	-	-	1
Removed, change of residence	-	-	-	-	-
Number of cases on Register, 31.12.66	9	10	-	-	19

CAUSES OF DEATH AT DIFFERENT PERIODS OF LIFE, DURING 1966.

DISEASE	Sex	Total	Under 4 weeks		1-	5-	15-	25-	35-	45-	55-	65-	75 and
		all Ages.	4 weeks.	& under 1 year									over
Cancer, Stomach	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	F	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Cancer, Lung, Bronchus	M	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	1	-
	F	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cancer, Other Sites.	M	4	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	2
	F	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	2
Vascular Lesions of Nervous System	M	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	1	8
	F	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7
Heart, Coronary	M	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	3
	F	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	5
Heart, Hypertension	M	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
	F	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-
Heart, Other	M	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
	F	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1
Circulatory Disease	M	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1
	F	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2
Influenza	M	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
	F	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Pneumonia	M	2	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
	F	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Bronchitis	M	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	2
	F	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Ulcer, Stomach	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	F	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Gastritis & Diarrhoea	M	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	F	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
Congenital Malformations	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	F	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Diseases	M	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
	F	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Other Accidents	M	3	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-
	F	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1
TOTAL ALL CAUSES	M	49	2	2	1	-	-	1	-	4	8	8	23
		37	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	1	6	27



IMMUNISATION AND VACCINATION STATISTICS
for the year ended 31st December, 1966.

SMALLPOX VACCINATION.

Age at date of vaccination	Months				Years				Total
	0-3	3-6	6-9	9-12	1	2-4	5-14	15 and over	
Number vaccinated	1	3	4	7	38	7	7	-	67
Number re-vaccinated	-	-	-	-	-	-	11	-	11

DIPHTHERIA IMMUNISATION.

Number of children immunised	Under 5 years.	5 to 15 years.	Total	Booster
	97	23	120	126

IMMUNISATION AGAINST TETANUS.

	Under 5 years.	5 to 15 years.	Total	Booster
Diphtheria/Tetanus	1	20	21	74
Diphtheria/Whooping Cough/Tetanus	96	2	98	37
Tetanus only	-	44	44	9
TOTALS :	97	66	163	120

GENERAL PROVISIONS OF HEALTH SERVICES.

Facilities for the detection of bacterial infection and presence of extraneous matter, and adulteration of food, are provided at the Public Health Laboratory, High Street, Hull, with the full co-operation of Dr. McCoy, the Director.

Hospital treatment is provided for the residents of the area at all the Hospitals in Hull, at the Westwood Hospital, Beverley, and the General Hospital, Driffield, where there are full facilities for X-ray and laboratory investigation.

Hospital and out-patient clinics for the diagnosis and treatment of Tuberculosis are provided within the National Health Service.

The care of expectant mothers, nursing mothers and their infants, including unmarried mothers and children, is provided for by the County Council through clinics and domiciliary midwifery services.

Other services provided by the County Council include health visitors, home nursing, and home helps, clinics for vaccination and immunisation against Diphtheria, Whooping Cough and Tetanus, and an ambulance service. There is also a welfare service for the blind, deaf and dumb, and those handicapped by congenital deformity.

Action under the provisions of Section 47 of the National Assistance Act was not required during the year.

SANITARY CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE AREA.

WEATHER AND RAINFALL.

The Summer was wet and cold, while the Winter was mild and comparatively free from snow.

Rainfall returns for Withernsea, for 1966, were as follows :-

<u>Month.</u>	<u>Inches.</u>	<u>No. of wet days.</u>	<u>Average, 5 years.</u>
January	1.79	19	2.35
February	1.10	20	1.17
March	1.86	13	1.59
April	2.13	17	2.05
May	2.31	15	1.93
June	2.35	12	2.06
July	3.01	15	3.01
August	4.59	20	3.01
September	2.26	13	2.32
October	2.88	23	1.65
November	2.35	24	2.93
December	1.91	23	2.38

Annual Average Rainfall of 10 stations in
East Riding : 31.72

WATER SUPPLY.

Withernsea is supplied with an adequate and wholesome supply of piped water from Kingston-upon-Hull Corporation Water Department. Regular bacteriological examination is undertaken by the Board. The total hardness as Calcium Carbonate is about 300 parts per million.

FOOD AND DRUGS ACT, 1955.

During the routine inspections of all premises storing, preparing and selling food, which are undertaken as frequently as is possible, no evidence of insanitary conditions was found which invited legal action, although several cases which necessitated informal action were acted upon. In general, the standard maintained was satisfactory.

SUMMARY OF ANNUAL REPORT FOR 1966.

Average height above sea level	15 feet.
Area	882 acres.
Population, mid 1966	4,970
Population increase from 1965	10
Houses occupied, 31.12.66.	1,845
Rateable Value, 31.12.66.	£150,146

BIRTHS :

	<u>1966</u>			<u>1965</u>	<u>1964</u>
	<u>Males.</u>	<u>Females.</u>	<u>Total.</u>	<u>Total.</u>	<u>Total.</u>
Legitimate	61	50	111	81	105
Illegitimate	3	3	6	9	4
TOTALS :	64	53	117	90	109

Illegitimate live births

per cent of total : 5.1 9.9 3.6

Birth Rate per 1,000 population - Crude, 23.54; Adjusted, 28.25

STILLBIRTHS :

	<u>1966</u>	<u>1965</u>	<u>1964</u>
Legitimate, male	3	-	1
Legitimate, female	-	-	-
Illegitimate, male	-	-	-
Illegitimate, female	-	-	-
Rate per 1,000 total births	25.0	-	9.09
Rate per 1,000 population	0.6	-	0.2

DEATHS :

Male	49	51	32
Female	37	47	46
Total	86	98	78
Death Rate, Crude	17.30	19.76	15.4
Adjusted	13.15	14.82	12.28

INFANT MORTALITY :

Deaths of Infants under 1 year -

Legitimate, male	3	1	-
Legitimate, female	1	2	1
Illegitimate, male	1	-	-
Illegitimate, female	-	-	-
Total	5	3	1

Rate per 1,000 live births 42.74

Rate per 1,000 legitimate births 35.00

Rate per 1,000 population 1.0

Neonatal Deaths (under 1 month)

Male	1
Female	-
Total	1

Mortality rate per 1,000 live births

25.64

Perinatal Mortality (Still and early Neonatal)

Males	7
Females	1
Rate per 1,000 total births	41.66

Maternal Deaths per 1,000 pop. NIL.

CHEMICAL ANALYSIS OF SOURCES
of WATER SUPPLY

	<u>River Supply</u>		<u>Well Supplies</u>	
	<u>Tophill Low.</u>	<u>Dunswell</u>	<u>Cottingham</u>	<u>Springhead.</u>
pH	7.7	7.3	7.3	7.2
Colour (Hazen units)	3	2	2	3
Turbidity (Silica units)	0.7	0.2	0.1	0.2
Total Dissolved Solids	332	472	356	404
Carbon Dioxide (CO ₂)	4	32	17	24
Alkalinity (CaCO ₃)	166	240	208	244
Total Hardness (CaCO ₃)	226	344	250	292
Calcium Hardness (CaCO ₃)	214	310	238	264
Magnesium Hardness (CaCO ₃)	12	34	12	30
Sulphate (SO ₄)	52	92	36	38
Phosphate (PO ₄)	0.06	0.04	0.05	0.04
Chlorides (Cl)	23	27	21	29
Fluoride (F)	0.08	0.15	0.12	0.12
Free and Saline Ammonia (N)	0.135*	0.004	0.025*	0.029*
Albuminoid Ammonia (N)	0.046	0.006	0.008	0.009
Nitrite (N)	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Nitrate (N)	4.4	5.1	5.8	5.6
Iron (Fe)	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Manganese (Mn)	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04
Sodium (Na)	6.9	12.2	6.1	9.5
Potassium (K)	1.2	1.6	1.4	1.9
Silica (SiO ₂)	3.6	4.1	3.2	4.4
Oxygen absorbed (O)	0.31	0.11	0.15	0.14
Specific Conductivity (micro-mhos)	450	670	500	580

- Notes :-
- (a) All chemical results in m.g.m./litre.
 - (b) * At Tophill Low, Cottingham and Springhead ammonia is added in connection with chlorination.
 - (c) Results are from four samples from each source.

BACTERIOLOGICAL ANALYSIS OF WATER TAKEN AT THE
WITHERNSEA WATER TOWER,
Week ending 15th May, 1967.

Plate Count - Colonies per ml. at 37°C.	.. 1
Presumptive Coliform Count, M.P.N. per 100 ml.	.. 0
Typical E. coli Count, M.P.N. per 100 ml.	.. 0

SEWERAGE SYSTEM.

Early in 1966, flooding was experienced in various parts of the town. The Council's Consultant Engineers were informed, and they maintained that flooding would continue from time to time, in various parts of the town, until the remaining trunk sewers - particularly the one in Queen Street - were replaced by larger pipes.

In September, 1966, a major collapse of the main sewer in Queen Street was experienced, and in conjunction with the Consultant Engineers, emergency works were put in hand for the repair of this sewer, the final cost being in the region of £30,000.

In view of the alarming condition of this section of existing sewer, it was decided that a detailed survey be carried out to find out the condition of the rest of the main sewers, which were to be augmented by Phase II and Phase III of the Council's drainage scheme.

In March, 1967, General Descaling were asked to flush out the main sewers, and carry out a T.V. survey of some 2,000 lin. yards of main sewer. The results of this survey brought to light many lengths of cracked sewers, which in parts were in danger of collapsing in a similar manner to that experienced in September, 1966.

SEWERAGE SYSTEM (continued from page 9):

Although a new section of 31" sewer has been laid, and since the blockage has been removed from Queen Street, and the jetting of the sewers, the same trouble is experienced as previously, after a heavy downpour. The sewers become surcharged and flood areas of land and premises situated in different parts of the town, and particularly in the following :-

Chestnut Avenue, Hollym Road and Holmpton Road.
South Cliff Road and The Close.
Northfield houses, North Road.
North End Toilets.
Memorial Avenue Toilets.

The Consultant Engineers are at present preparing the second phase of the Council's main drainage scheme, for submission to the Ministry.



RODENT CONTROL :

A total of 392 inspections and re-inspections of dwelling-houses, business and agricultural premises, and Council-owned property, were made during 1966, as follows :-

	Local Authority owned Property.	Dwelling- houses.	Other Property including Business Premises.	Agric- ultural Premises.	TOTAL.
Inspection and Reinspections	12	353	24	3	392
Infested Property treated by the Local Authority	1	81	-	-	82
Properties infested by Mice	-	22	-	-	22
Properties infested by Rats	1	51	-	-	52

SEWERAGE SYSTEM - Treatment with Fluoracetamide :

Treatment of the sewers with Fluoracetamide was started on April 25th, 1966 and completed on May 5th, 1966. The infestation was found to be relatively slight, there being only two complete "takes" and three partial "takes".

FACTORIES :

The following Factories are on the Register :-

Joiners	...	4
Letter Press and Printing	...	1
Ice Cream Manufacture	...	1
Coal Gas Manufacture	...	1
Garages and Motor Repair	...	4
Light General Engineering	...	1
Bakeries	...	5
Plumbers and Electricians	...	3
Pottery	...	1
Motor Vehicle Repairs	...	2
Total :		<u>23</u>

COLLECTION OF REFUSE :

There is a weekly collection of all dustbins from the rear of private dwelling-houses, shops and business premises. Skips are forbidden apart from their use in a small number of premises, where there is a very long carry, or where the pathways are unsuitable for the carrying of a dustbin.

Ten informal notices were served on the owners of premises, requesting them to provide proper galvanised, covered dustbins, and all were complied with.

REFUSE DISPOSAL :

During 1966, household refuse was deposited on the Council's old Dump at Waxholme Road, which is in close proximity to the Council's Trailer Parl, and at Halsham and Burstwick, in the Holderness Rural District, on payment. These sites vary from 8 to 20 miles return journey from Withernsea.

A sub-Committee is considering whether to adopt Incineration, Composting or Pulverization, or whether to tip at the Refuse Dump in Holderness Rural District. If tipping is decided upon, then the Council will require a guarantee of security of tenure and cost for a number of years.

TRADE REFUSE :

Discs collected during 1966 - 980.

NIGHT SOIL :

Night Soil is collected from four houses weekly.

Night Soil and offal is disposed of at the Sewage Works, Holnpton Road.

HOUSING :

Inspections of Dwelling-houses during the year -

- | | | | | |
|----|-----|---|-----|-----|
| 1. | (a) | Total number of dwelling-houses inspected for housing defects. (Under Public Health or Housing Acts) | ... | 28 |
| | (b) | Number of inspections made for the purpose | ... | 62 |
| 2. | (a) | Number of dwelling-houses (included under subhead 1 above), which were inspected under the Housing Consolidated Regulations, 1925 and 1932 | ... | Nil |
| 3. | | Number of dwelling-houses found to be in a state so dangerous or injurious to health as to be unfit for human habitation | ... | Nil |
| 4. | | Number of dwelling-houses (exclusive of those referred to under preceding subhead) found not to be in all respects fit for human habitation | ... | 28 |

Remedy of Defects during the year without service of Formal Notices :

- | | | | | |
|--|--|---|-----|----|
| | | Number of defective dwelling-houses rendered fit in consequence of informal action by the Local Authority or their Officers | ... | 29 |
|--|--|---|-----|----|

Action under Statutory Powers during the year :

Proceedings under the Housing Act, 1957 -

- | | | | | |
|----|-----|--|-----|-----|
| 1. | (a) | Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which notices were served requiring repairs | ... | Nil |
| | (b) | Number of dwelling-houses which were rendered fit after service of formal notice | ... | Nil |
| 2. | (a) | Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which Demolition Orders were made | ... | Nil |
| | (b) | Number of houses demolished in pursuance of Demolition Orders | ... | Nil |
| 3. | (a) | Number of separate tenements or underground rooms in respect of which Closing Orders were made | ... | Nil |
| | (b) | Number of separate tenements or underground rooms in respect of which Closing Orders were determined | ... | Nil |

Proceedings under the Public Health Acts -

- | | | | | |
|----|-----|--|-----|-----|
| 1. | (a) | Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which notices were served requiring defects to be remedied | ... | Nil |
| | (b) | Number of dwelling-houses in which defects were remedied after service of formal notice | ... | Nil |

HOUSING (continued) :

Housing Act, 1936 - Part IV (Overcrowding) :

(a)	1. Number of dwellings overcrowded at the end of the year	...	1
	2. Number of families dwelling therein	...	1
(b)	Number of new cases of overcrowding reported during the year	...	Nil
(c)	1. Number of cases of overcrowding relieved during the year	...	11
	2.. Number of persons concerned in such cases	...	8
(d)	Particulars of any cases in which dwelling-houses have again become overcrowded after the Local Authority have taken steps for the abatement of overcrowding	...	Nil

HOUSING REPAIRS AND RENT ACT, 1954 :

Certificates of Disrepair issued	...	Nil
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HOUSING PURCHASE & HOUSING ACT, 1959 :

Discretionary Grants:

Improvements to houses - 2. Cost £395.

Conversion of houses
into flats - Nil.

Number of Discretionary Grants
completed during the year - 4.

Standard Grants issued - 8.

Number of Houses erected in 1966 :

By Council	- Nil.
By private enterprise	- 18.

INSPECTION OR SUPERVISION OF FOOD :

Routine supervision of the preparation of retail food products at butchers' premises, fried fish and chip shops, grocery and confectionary shops, ice-cream and sweet boiling premises, were carried out. All premises but one were found to be satisfactory. Informal action was taken in respect of the unsatisfactory premises, and the defects were remedied.

Four Supplementary Licences were issued under the provisions of the Milk (Special Designation) Regulations, as follows :-

- 2 in respect of the Special Designation "PASTEURISED"
- 2 in respect of the Special Designation "STERILISED"

There are 24 Purveyors of Milk on the Register.

FOOD AND DRUGS ACT, 1955, Section 62 (Licensing of Slaughterhouses) :

There is one licensed slaughterhouse in the Urban District, which is used by two Withernsea butchers for regular slaughtering on three evenings each week, and some casual slaughtering. The premises are well administered.

Licensing of Slaughterhouses (continued) :

It is again pleasing to report the high quality of the meat obtained from the slaughterhouse, and the desire of the proprietors and the slaughtermen to carry out a very high standard of cleanliness and dressing of carcasses. 100% inspection is being carried out.

Total Meat Inspections, 1966 - 91. Bovine, 179, Sheep, 556.

Weight of Meat and Offal condemned -

Bovine Meat and Offal - 998 lbs.

Sheep Meat and Offal - 51 lbs.

Slaughtermen's Licences :

Three 'Licences to Slaughter or Stun Animals' were issued.

OFFICES, SHOPS and RAILWAY PREMISES ACT, 1963 :

12 offices, 49 retail shops, 2 wholesale shops and warehouses, and 22 catering establishments, were inspected during 1965, under the provisions of the Offices, Shops and Railway Premises Act, 1963.

HOLIDAY CARAVAN SITE :

One site, known as Highfield Caravan Site, licensed for 113 Caravans. It has sewers, water mains and ablution blocks.

Refuse is collected from the site weekly.

Regular visits are paid during the season.

CHALET SITE :

A Chalet Site, which was completed during 1964, has 250 chalets. Sewers, water mains and electricity are provided on the site. Each chalet is provided with a separate W.C. and dustbin. Refuse is collected weekly from Easter to 30th September, each year.

TRAILER PARK :

The Caravan Site known as High House Farm, Waxholme Road, Withernsea, was purchased in 1961 by the Council, as a Trailer Park, and application was made, and approved by the County Planning Officer, for the whole of the 85 acres to be converted into a site for holiday dwellings. There were 927 caravans on the Trailer Park on December 31st, 1966.

SWIMMING POOL :

Internal Dimensions - Length	- 108-ft.
Breadth	- 40-ft.
Deep end depth	- 6-ft.
Shallow end depth	- 3-ft.

Volume of water - 120,000 gallons (approx.)

SWIMMING POOL (continued):

Four samples of water from the Swimming Pool were submitted for bacteriological examination every week during its use, and the results were satisfactory.

Details of Income and Expenditure, Heating Costs, Opening and Closing Dates, and Attendances.

	1960	1961	1962.	1963	1964	1965	1966.
Opening date	Jne.11.	May 1	May 7	May 11	May 16	May 8	May 14
Closing date	Aug.13	Spt.24	Spt.30	Spt.29	Sept.20	Spt.19	Spt.18
Income	£1,643	£1,414	£2,098	£2030	£2,804	£2,384	£2,740
Heating Costs (Electrical)	Nil	Nil	£641	£564	£592	£950	£909

<u>ATTENDANCES</u>	1960	1961	1962	1963	1964	1965	1966.
Adults	5,538	4,152	5,191	5,505	8,428	6,175	7,353
Children	27,806	24,746	20,371	19,613	27,714	23,407	25,661
Spectators	16,441	12,940	11,698	11,323	14,238	11,185	9,767
Schools	3,521	5,472	5,291	4,947	4,919	5,120	4,429

Passes:

Adults		16	27	30	38	44	56
Children		196	334	280	368	409	410

PADDLING POOL.

The water in the Paddling Pool is chlorinated by hand, and is changed as necessary, and at least once a day. During the very hot weather the water is changed three times a day.

I am,

Yours faithfully,

F. R. CRIPPS, M.D., D.P.H.,
Medical Officer of Health.

